## COMPLEX ANALYSIS II

## Exercise 1, Spring 2011

1. Calculate

$$\int_{\gamma} \operatorname{Re} z dz \quad \text{and} \quad \int_{\gamma} \operatorname{Im} z dz,$$

where  $\gamma$  is

- a) the line segment from 1 + i to 2 i.
- b) The semicircle |z| = 1,  $0 \leq \arg z \leq \pi$ , with initial point 1.
- c) a-centered circle with radius  $r, a \in \mathbb{C}, r > 0$ .
- 2. Evaluate  $\int_{\gamma} |z|^2 dz$  and  $\int_{\gamma} |z|^2 |dz|$ , where  $\gamma$  is the square  $0 \to 1 \to 1 + i \to i \to 0$ .
- 3. Let  $w \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $f : \mathbb{C} \setminus \{w\} \to \mathbb{C}$ ,  $f(z) = \frac{1}{z-w}$ . Calculate  $\int_{\gamma} f(z)dz$ , where  $\gamma = \{w + re^{it} \mid t \in [0, 2\pi]\}, r > 0$ . Does f have an antiderivative i.e is there a function F such that F' = f?
- 4. Find the antiderivatives of the following functions:

a) 
$$f(z) = \sin z \cos z$$
 b)  $f(z) = \sin 2z \cos z$   
c)  $f(z) = ze^{2z}$  d)  $f(z) = z^2 \sin z$ 

Evaluate also  $\int_{\gamma} e^z \sin z dz$ , where  $\gamma = \{2\pi \cos t + it^5 e^{t^3} \sin t \mid t \in [0, \pi] \}$ .

5. Let  $\gamma$  be a piecewise smooth curve and f a continuous function on  $\gamma$ . Prove that

$$\int_{-\gamma} f(z)dz = -\int_{\gamma} f(z)dz.$$

6. Let the assumptions be as in ex. 5. Show that

$$\left| \int_{\gamma} f(z) dz \right| \leqslant \int_{\gamma} |f(z)| \, |dz|.$$

HINT: Start by assuming that  $\gamma$  is smooth and choosing an appropriate constant  $c \in \mathbb{C}$  such that  $\left| \int_{\gamma} f(z) dz \right| = \int_{\gamma} cf(z) dz$ .