

Matematiikan perusmetodit/mat.

Harjoitus 14 syksy 2009

A osa:

1. Integroi

a) $\int \cos 6x \, dx$, b) $\int \sin(4x+1) \, dx$, c) $\int \sin^5 x \cos x \, dx$, d) $\int \tan^2 x \, dx$.

2. Integroi

a) $\int \sin^2 x \, dx$, b) $\int \cos^2 x \, dx$, c) $\int \cos^3 x \, dx$, d) $\int \sin^5 x \, dx$, e) $\int \cos^4 x \, dx$.

3. Integroi

a) $\int \frac{1}{1+a^2x^2} \, dx$, b) $\int \frac{dx}{2+x^2}$, c) $\int \frac{x^2}{x^2+1} \, dx$, d) $\int \frac{x+1}{x^2-x+1} \, dx$.

4. Integroi

a) $\int x \sin x \, dx$, b) $\int x^2 \sin x \, dx$, c) $\int (2x+1) \sin 2x \, dx$, d) $\int x \sin x \cos^3 x \, dx$.

5. Integroi

a) $\int xe^{2x} \, dx$, b) $\int xe^{-\frac{x}{2}} \, dx$, c) $\int x^2 e^{2x} \, dx$, d) $\int x^3 e^x \, dx$.

6. Integroi

a) $\int x \ln x \, dx$, b) $\int \ln x \, dx$, c) $\int \ln x^2 \, dx$, d) $\int x^2 \ln x \, dx$, e) $\int \frac{\ln(1+x^2)}{x^2} \, dx$,
f) $\int \ln(1+x^2) \, dx$.

7. Integroi

a) $\int \arctan x \, dx$, b) $\int \arcsin x \, dx$, c) $\int \cos(\ln x) \, dx$, d) $\int e^x \cos x \, dx$.

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B osa:

1. Integroi suluissa annettua sijoitusta käyttäen

- a) $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9-x^2}} dx, (x = 3 \sin t, -\frac{\pi}{2} < t < \frac{\pi}{2}),$
- b) $\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x+1}} dx, (t = \sqrt{x+1}),$
- c) $\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt[3]{x+1}} dx, (t = \sqrt[3]{x+1}),$
- d) $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x+\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx, (x = t^6, t > 0).$

2. Integroi

a) $\int \frac{dx}{x(x-1)}, \quad$ b) $\int \frac{1+x^2}{x(1+x)} dx, \quad$ c) $\int \frac{2x^2+8x-2}{(x-1)^2(x+1)^2} dx.$

3. Integroi

a) $\int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x-1}} dx, \quad$ b) $\int \sqrt{2-x^2} dx, \quad$ c) $\int \frac{x}{(3x-1)\sqrt{3x-1}} dx, \quad$ d) $\int \frac{x}{x+\sqrt{x}} dx,$
e) $\int \frac{4^x+1}{2^x+1} dx, \quad$ f) $\int \sqrt{x^2+2} dx.$

4. Johda osittaisintegroinnin avulla palautuskaavat

- a) $\int \sin^n x dx = -\frac{1}{n} \sin^{n-1} x \cos x + \frac{n-1}{n} \int \sin^{n-2} x dx, n = 2, 3, \dots,$
- b) $\int \cos^n x dx = -\frac{1}{n} \cos^{n-1} x \sin x + \frac{n-1}{n} \int \cos^{n-2} x dx, n = 2, 3, \dots$